BRAZIL

MDGs beyond Averages: Promoting Food Security and Nutrition for Indigenous Children in Brazil (MDGF-2032-)



Children, Food Security and Nutrition

Total Budget:	USD 6,000,000		
Budget by Agency:	WHO: 2,185,308 UNICEF: 1,118,424 ILO: 816,712 FAO: 994,548 UNDP: 885,008		
Participating Gov. Entities:	Brazilian Agency for Cooperation ABC, National Foundation for Indians FUNAI, National Foundation for Health FANASA, Ministry of Health MS, Ministry of Social Development and Fight against Hunger MDS		
Start Date:	December 14, 2009	Approval Date:	October 14, 2009
Est. End Date:	December 14, 2012	Signature Date:	December 16, 2009
Disbursements:	First Disbursement: Second Disbursement:	December 14, 2009	USD2,296,990
	Third Disbursement:		
In Brief:	The goal of the programme is to back up the existing national policies and the local actions to improve food security and nutrition of indigenous children in the regions of Dourados (MS) and Alto Rio Solimões (AM) in Brazil. The programme is twofold: (i) to promote access to programmes and public services, with the aim of reducing the cases of malnutrition and child death rate; (ii) to promote sustainable production and the access to food by strengthening the local production systems that depend on and respect the food and economic culture of these people. The proposal is centered on children but women will also be considered, because child malnutrition can only be approached effectively if the mother-child unit is taken into account. Crossed actions will be promoted to empower indigenous communities, leaders and organizations, and to strengthen public capabilities. All the initiatives will have full participation from the communities and public agents.		

Outcomes:

- Food security amongst the children and women in the regions of Alto Rio Solimoes (Amazon) and Dourados (Mato Grosso do Sul) has been improved.
- The indigenous population has been empowered in order to demand and exercise their human rights regarding access to food and health assistance. The authorities have been strengthened and trained to carry out these tasks.
- Diagnoses, follow ups and evaluations of the food security in indigenous people have been carried out.



Regions of Intervention:	Alto Rio Solimões (Amazonas) and Dourados (Mato Grosso do Sul), Sao Paulo de Olivenca, Atalaia doNorte, tabtinga and Benjamin Constant		
MDGs	N/A		
Beneficiaries	Direct	Indirect	

No. Institutions	23	0		
No. Women	6	0		
No. Men	3	0		
No. ethnic groups	10	0		
140. etiilile groups				
	: Cristina Albuquerque/ Luis Felipe Codina	h		
RCO Focal Point:	Margarita Nechaeva We	eb page:		
Status	Delayed in the inception phase			
Estimates financial execution status as of the June 30, 2010 biannual report:	Disbursed Budget: • 3.75 % over the Total approved budget • 9.70 % over transferred budget • 21.62 % over transferred budget			
Delivery rate by Agency Graphic:	1.000.000 800.000 400.000 200.000 0 FAO, 0,32% OIT, 14,01% O	DPAS, 4,05% UNDP, 7,75% UNICEF, 27,37% ■ Disbursed		
Main Achievements:	No substantial advances have been reported to date. Some preparatory actions have been carried out, such as the inception or establishment workshop or the start up of local governance committees, which looks like a promising initiative.			
Other important achievements				
Does the JP incorporate gender considerations in the activities/outputs/outcomes ? (example) There is a study on the fulfillment of the human rights of indigenous women and children which is actually problematic because it excludes the general population – this is an aspect to be improved				
Does the JP include gender specific indicators in the monitoring plan?(example)				
Does the JP mention gender relationships as part of the challenges analyzed? (specify)				