SUDAN

Sustained Peace for Development: Conflict Prevention and Peace-Building in Sudan (MDGF- 1978)



Conflict Prevention and Peace Building

Total Budget:	USD 6,000,000		
Budget by Agency:	IOM: 779,017 UNDP: 1,545,743 UNICEF: 1,157,285 FAO: 535,910	ILO: WHO: UNFPA: UNIFEM:	724,860 498,738 362,169 396,278
Participating Gov. Entities:	Ministry of International Cooperation; Ministry of Regional Cooperation; Southern Sudan Peace Commission; Ministry of Labour, Public Services and Human Resource Development; Federal Ministry of Youth, Culture and Sports; Federal Ministry of Social Welfare, Women and Child Affairs; Ministry of Gender, Social Welfare and Religious Affairs; Federal Ministry of General Education; NCVE		
Start Date:	15 December 2009	Approval Date:	2 December 2009
Est. End Date:	15 December 2012	Signature Date:	23 November 2009
Disbursements:	First Disbursement:	15 December 2009	USD 3,219,962
	Second Disbursement:		
	Third Disbursement:		
In Brief:	The programme aims to prevent conflict from relapsing in 4 bordering states of Sudan, by bolstering peace building, rule of law and socioeconomic recovery within -and between- vulnerable communities and local authorities in targeted areas and villages. The contested border area is one of the most complex conflict systems in the country, with increasingly serious tensions building since the signing of the Comprehensive Peace Agreement (CPA) in 2005. In light of this fragile and volatile context, and the crucial need of linking local level conflict management with national priorities, the programme will strengthen conflict resolution mechanisms, better resource management, planning and leadership to reduce the likeliness of inadvertent clashes triggered by local disputes over cattle grazing, water and land use, that can lead to increased instability. It will increase access to justice and generate peace dividends directly tackling the root causes of resource-based conflicts.		

Outcomes:

- Strenthened systems and capacities for sustainable conflict prevention and management of natural resource based conflict.
- Citizens' (with a focus on women and children) utilisation of rule of law institutions and access to justice increased due to enhanced conflict sensitive capacity of relevant state authorities.
- Increased conflict sensitive recovery and reintegration at community level through basic service delivery and development of economic opportunities.



Regions of Intervention:	Bordering states of Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Warrap, Unity, Southern Kordofan		
MDGs	MDG7 T7.A		
Beneficiaries	Direct	Indirect	
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No. Institutions	16	33	
No. Women	2,622	5,240	
	2,626	5,240	
	5,264	10,513	
No. ethnic groups	5,204	10,515	
Project coordinator: Adnan C RCO Focal Point: Clarence when page:	heema Soriano, Nahla Abu Eissa	1	
Status	The Joint Programme completes 6 months of implementation. The progress to date is mainly comprised of inception activities and preparatory activities for trainings and awareness raising campaigns.		
Estimated financial execution status as of the June 30, 2010 biannual report:	Disbursed Budget: • 2.20 % over the Total approved budget • 4.10 % over transferred budget Committed Budget: • 7.15 % over the Total approved budget • 13.28 % over transferred budget		

Main Achievements:Recently completed inception phase. N/ADoes the JP incorporate gender considerations in the activities/outputs/outcomes? (example)Does the JP include gender specific indicators in the monitoring plan?(example)Does the JP mention gender relationships as part of the challenges analyzed? (specify)