

Morocco

SOURCE

Name of source: *Population Census 2004*

Institution responsible for the statistics: Haut-commissariat au plan, Direction de la Statistique, Rue Mohamed Belhassan El Ouazzani Haut-Agdal B.P 178-10 001 Rabat – Maroc, Tél : 037.77.39.65, Fax : 037. 77.32.17

Type of source: Population census

Periodicity: Every 10 years

Objectives: To identify the prevalence of disability in different districts of the Kingdom and determine the demographic and socioeconomic characteristics of the disabled population.

COVERAGE

Disabilities: Seeing difficulties, hearing difficulties, speaking difficulties, moving/mobility difficulties, cognitive difficulties

Population groups: All age groups

Total population covered: 100%

Economic activities: All economic activities

Sectors covered: All sectors

Labour force status: Employed persons, unemployed persons, persons outside labor force

Status in Employment: Employees, employers, own-account workers, contributing family workers, members of producers' cooperatives

Geographic areas: Whole country

Establishments: NR

Other limitations: No

TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

Term used to denote 'disability': 'La déficience, l'incapacité, le handicap' (deficiency, incapacity, handicap)

Definition of this term:

- Deficiency: any loss of substance or abnormality of psychological, physiological or anatomical structure or function. It can occur at the level of organ or system function as a total or partial physical imperfection or a lack of an organ. It can also involve a functional imperfection of the nervous system. The blindness, the deafness, the loss of sight of an

eye, the paralysis of an organ, the amputation of an organ, the mental deficiency, the partial vision, the lostness or the dumbness could be causes of deficiency.

- Incapacity: it is defined as any restriction (resulting from a deficiency) or lack of ability to carry out an activity in the way or within the range considered as normal for a human being. It could result from a total or partial deficiency. According to the United Nations, the incapacity includes the difficulties in seeing, speaking, hearing, moving, climbing the stairs, seizing, reaching, taking a bath, eating or washing.
- Handicap: deficiency for a given individual resulting from a loss or an incapacity, which limits or prevents the fulfilment of a role that is normal (depending on age, sex, social and cultural factors). It may also be applicable to the circumstances, in which the disabled people live.

Source of this definition: WHO

Questions used to identify persons with disabilities: 'Do you suffer from any type of disability: physical disability: motor or/and chronic; sensory disability; mental disability?' 'Are you employed? If yes, please specify: employed, unemployed, housewife, student, annuitant, retired, seriously ill, children, other.'

Minimum duration to be considered as a person with disability: Na

CLASSIFICATION

Classifications: Sex, age, type of disability, occupation

Cross-classifications: Na

REFERENCE PERIOD: Census day

DISSEMINATION

National publications: Population en situation de handicap au Maroc, Profil démographique et socio-économique

Website: http://www.hcp.ma/region-drda/Population-en-situation-de-handicap-au-Maroc_a35.html