

ITALY

Region: Europe and Central Asia

Income group: High income

Summary: Italy has reported 8 metadata sources, which collect information on international labour migration statistics. There are five survey based sources such as *General Population and Housing Census*; *Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population Survey*; *Integration of Second Generation Survey*; *Industry and Services Census, non-profit institution Census and Public Institution Census*; and *Structure of Earnings Survey*, which are carried out by the Italian National Institute of Statistics. There are two administrative records, such as *Register of Residence Permits* and *Population Registers of Municipalities* held by the Ministry of Interior. Lastly there is an estimation of *Annual National Accounts*, which is carried out by the Italian National Institute of Statistics.

Geographically all of the sources cover whole country, however different population groups such as:

- *Nationals (citizens) in the country* (covered by the *General Population and Housing Census*, the *Integration of Second Generation Survey*, and the *Population Registers of Municipalities*),
- *Nationals (citizens) employed in the country* (covered by the *General Population and Housing Census*, the *Integration of Second Generation Survey*, the *Population Registers of Municipalities*, and the *Annual National Accounts*),
- *Nationals (citizens) living abroad* (covered by the *Population Registers of Municipalities*),
- *Nationals (citizens) living and working abroad* (covered by the *Population Registers of Municipalities*),
- *Foreigners (non-citizens) living in the country* (covered by the *General Population and Housing Census*, the *Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population Survey*, the *Integration of Second Generation Survey*, the *Register of Residence Permits*, and the *Population Registers of Municipalities*),
- *Foreign workers (non-citizens) living in the country* (covered by the *General Population and Housing Census*, the *Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population Survey*, the *Integration of Second Generation Survey*, the *Register of Residence Permits*, the *Population Registers of Municipalities*, and the *Annual National Accounts*),
- *Refugees* (covered by the *Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population Survey*, the *Register of Residence Permits*, and the *Population Registers of Municipalities*),
- *Asylum seekers* (covered by the *Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population Survey*, the *Register of Residence Permits*, and the *Population Registers of Municipalities*), and
- *Child workers (non-citizens) in country* (covered by the *Integration of Second Generation Survey*).

Periodicity of data collection varies depending on the type of sources. The *General Population and Housing Census* in Italy was last processed in 2011; the *Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population Survey* started in 2011-2012 and will be carried out the next time in 2016; the *Integration of Second Generation Survey* collects the data every three years starting from 2015, the *Industry and Services Census, non-profit institution Census and Public Institution Census* is carried out every year starting from 2011, initially the census has started in 1951; the *Structure of Earnings Survey* is held every four years starting from 2000. The *Register of Residence Permits* is held continuously starting from 1985; the *Population Registers of Municipalities* is carried out every year starting from 1873. The estimation of *Annual National Accounts* is held every month starting from 2011.

The *General Population and Housing Census* collects the data on persons aged 15 years and older. The *Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population Survey* examine foreigners of all ages and labour force information is only related to those aged 15 years and older. In the *Integration of Second Generation Survey* students aged 10-19 years are appraised. The administrative records and the estimation cover persons of all ages.

All the sources except the estimation collect statistics on demographic characteristics of persons examined such as age and sex. Additionally, in the survey based sources the data on marital status, educational attainment, and household size can be found. In the administrative registers information on marital status and educational

attainment is provided. International migration characteristic covered by all the sources except the estimation is country of birth. The question on country of citizenship is also very often asked in the surveys and records. Other international migration statistics that can be found in the sources include nationality, country of origin, country of previous residence for foreigners, country of previous residence for citizens who lived abroad but returned, foreign workers in the country, and household members living abroad.

Labour related characteristics are obtained in the sources. The *Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population Survey* provide the most complete range of labour characteristics such as employment status, occupation, industry/economic sector, status in employment, hours usually worked, disability, household income, and occupational injury.

Definitions of “*international migrant workers*”, “*nationals living abroad*”, “*employment*”, and “*wages*” are used in the sources, except the *Integration of Second Generation Survey* and the *Register of Residence Permits*, where these definitions are not applicable.

To classify occupation, industry, status in employment, and education, all the sources apply internationally and nationally adapted classifications.

Micro data files from the surveys except to the *Integration of Second Generation Survey* and administrative records are available for research and analysis outside the agencies.

Metadata sources:

Type of source	Name of the source	Agency Responsible	Periodicity of data collection	Year the source started	Year of the last source
Q1. Population Census	General Population and Housing Census	ISTAT (Italian National Institute of Statistics)	-	-	2011
Q2. Household Survey	Q2.1. SCIF – Social Condition and Integration for Foreign Population	ISTAT	The survey will be carried out again in 2016	2011-2012	-
	Q2.2. Integration of Second Generation	ISTAT	Every 3 years	2015	-
Q4. Establishment Census	Industry and Services Census, non-profit institution Census, and Public Institution Census	ISTAT	On decennial basis	1951	2011
Q5. Establishment Survey	Structure of Earning Survey (SES)	ISTAT	Every 4 years	2000	-
Q6. Administrative Sources	Q6.1. Residence Permits	ISTAT – Ministry of Interior	Continuously	1985	-
	Q6.2. Population Registers of Municipalities	Ministry of Interior	Annually	1873	-
Q7. Estimation of International Migrant Workers in the Country	Annual National Accounts	ISTAT	Annually	2011	2013

Findings:

The latest **General Population and Housing Census** in the Italy was carried out in 2011 by the Italian National Institute of Statistics covering the country's entire population. There are four population groups examined in the **General Population and Housing Census**:

- *Nationals (citizens) in the country,*
- *Nationals (citizens) employed in the country,*
- *Foreigners (non-citizens) living in the country, even if arrived recently, and*
- *Foreign workers (non-citizens) living in the country.*

The **General Population and Housing Census** obtains detailed data on demographic characteristics of these population groups. The questions raised in the assessment on the topic of international migration related characteristics, comprise of country of birth, country of citizenship, second country of citizenship, country of previous residence for foreigners, and country of previous residence for citizens who lived abroad but returned. In addition to demographic characteristics, the **General Population and Housing Census** covers labour related characteristics of all current household members aged 15 years and older such as:

- Employment status,
- Occupation,
- Industry/economic sector,
- Status in employment, and
- Hours usually worked.

The **General Population and Housing Census** contains questions, which help to collect information on immigrants and return migrants such as: '*Have you ever lived outside this country?*' and '*When did you arrive to this country?*'.

In order to measure "*international migrant workers*" the **General Population and Housing Census** collected information on foreign people living in the country and published tables about current activity status. "*Nationals living abroad*" are national citizens who, at reference date, do not have usual residence in the country. "*Employment*" comprise all persons aged 15 years and over or who during the reference week: (a) performed at least one hour of work for pay or profit, in cash or in kind, or: (b) were temporarily absent from a job in which they had already worked and to which they maintained a formal attachment, or from a self-employment activity. Employees temporarily not at work shall be considered as in paid employment provided they had a formal job attachment. To classify occupation, industry, status in employment, and education in Italy the following classifications are applied:

- ISCO - 08 (where one digit is used to release the data);
- NACE rev 2 (where 21 sections are used to release the data);
- National classification of status in employment; and
- ISCED - 1997.

Micro-data files will be available by the end of 2015 for free on the web site of ISTAT.

There are two household surveys, which cover international labour migration statistics such as:

- ***Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population and***
- ***Integration of Second Generation Survey.***

The **Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population Survey** in Italy commenced in 2011-2012, and will be carried out again in 2016 by the National Statistical Institute. A completed sample size of the examination is 9,600 households with 25,000 individuals and 21,000 immigrants. It geographically measures the whole country and amasses information on the following four population groups:

- *Foreigners (non-citizens) living in the country, even if arrived recently,*

- *Foreign workers (non-citizens) living in the country,*
- *Refugees, and*
- *Asylum seekers.*

The survey collects the data on foreigners of all ages, nevertheless, information on labour force is collected only on persons aged 15 years and older. Data on younger workers have been collected with reference to the country of origin.

The *Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population Survey* retrieves the data on demographic characteristics, of each person in a household. International migration related characteristics accessible through the survey include:

- Country of birth,
- Country of citizenship,
- Country of previous residence for foreigners,
- Country of previous residence for citizens who lived abroad but returned,
- Nationality,
- Foreign workers in the country,
- Household members living abroad, and
- Country of origin.

For the persons assessed in the survey, the data on labour related characteristics is available, particularly for:

- Employment status,
- Occupation,
- Industry/economic sector,
- Status in employment,
- Household income,
- Hours usually worked,
- Occupational injury, and
- Disability.

The household survey questionnaire includes question on possible benefit that may be received from employer such as retirement pension.

The *Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population Survey* contains questions, which help to collect information on immigrants and return migrants such as: ‘*Have you ever lived outside this country?*’ and ‘*When did you arrive to this country?*’ The following data is obtained in the survey on the person’s situation at the time prior to leaving the previous country of residence before coming to Italy:

- Employment status,
- Status in employment,
- Occupation,
- Industry/economic sector,
- Reason for choosing to migrate to this country, and
- Reason for leaving previous country of residence.

For persons not born in Italy the household survey include the questions such as ‘*Did you ever live in this country before?*’ and ‘*When did you leave this country to live abroad?*’

Data on household income, disability, hours usually worked, occupational injury, and retirement pension of persons examined in the survey is not yet disseminated; unreliability of some estimation can occur due to few number of cases.

Through the survey “*international migrant workers*” are defined as non-Italian citizens employed. “*Employment*” covers persons aged 15 and over (even if labour force are usually processed on 16-74 in Italy),

living in private households, who during the reference week performed work, even for just one hour, for pay, profit or family gain, or were not at work but had a job or business from which they were temporarily absent, for example because of illness, holidays, industrial dispute or education and training.

To classify occupation, industry, status in employment, and education in the survey, nationally adapted classifications are applied. For example:

- National adaptation of ISCO – CP2011 (where five digits are used to release the data);
- ATECO2007, it is national adaptation of NACE (where six digits are used to release the data);
- National adaptation of ICSE; and
- National adaptation of ISCED is used in case higher education level (HEL) was achieved in Italy, same classification with aggregated items in case HEL was achieved abroad.

The limitations on using survey micro data are related to national law on privacy. Micro data can be disseminated for research purposes under condition that personal information are anonymous in free of charge.

The ***Integration of Second Generation Survey*** in Italy commenced in 2015, and will be carried out every three years by the National Statistical Institute. A completed sample size of the examination is 68,000 individuals and 31,700 immigrants. It geographically measures the whole country and amasses information on the following six population groups:

- *Nationals (citizens) in the country,*
- *Nationals (citizens) employed in the country,*
- *Foreigners (non-citizens) living in the country, even if arrived recently,*
- *Foreign workers (non-citizens) living in the country, and*
- *Child workers (non-citizens) in the country.*

The students aged 10-19 years are the target of the survey. The survey also collects information (about labour conditions) about parents of the students.

The ***Integration of Second Generation Survey*** retrieves the data on demographic characteristics such as age, sex, educational attainment, and household size. International migration related characteristics accessible through the survey include:

- Country of birth,
- Country of citizenship, and
- Household members living abroad.

For the persons assessed in the survey, the data on labour related characteristics is available, particularly for employment status and occupation.

For persons not born in Italy the household survey include the question such as *'Did you ever live in this country before?'*

To classify occupation and education in the survey, perceived labour conditions of parents and administrative archives for students, aggregation of ISCED levels 2013 for parents are used. The survey ended in June 2015 therefore all publications are forthcoming.

The ***Industry and Services Census, Non-profit institution Census, and Public Institution Census*** was last carried out in 2011 by the Italian National Institute of Statistics. Starting from 2011, the traditional Economic Census, which started in 1951, carried out on decennial basis, was replaced by the virtual census on Economic registers built up and updated with administrative sources. In such a way the information will be available every year. The statistics geographically cover the whole country. The survey appraises all establishments of any size, formal sector establishments, and non-farm establishments and covers the following topics for the establishment:

- Industry/economic sector and
- Number of employees.

In the survey the data on demographic characteristics, such as age and sex and on labour related characteristics, such as status in employment can be found. “*International migrant workers*” are defined as foreign-born workers by using a question on country of birth. “*Employment*” comprises employees and self-employment. Employees are persons who, by agreement, work for an enterprise and receive remuneration for their labour in the form of wages, salaries, fees, gratuities, piecework pay or remuneration in kind. The relationship of employer to employee exists when there is an agreement, which may be formal or informal, between the employer and a person, normally entered into voluntarily by both parties, whereby the person works for the employer in return for remuneration in cash or in kind. Self-employed are person who carries out its work inside enterprise, without any formal contracts (not in the payroll), whose remuneration is included in mixed income (capital/labour).

To classify occupation, industry, and status in employment, nationally adapted classifications are used such as:

- ESA2010, SNA2008 to classify occupations;
- Italian classification Ateco2007 that adds 5th digit to NACE rev2; and
- National adaptation of ICSE.

Micro data can be accessed by Laboratory for Elementary Data Analysis (ADELE). It is a Research data centre (RDC) accessible by researchers working for universities or research institutions or fellows of bodies to which the Code of conduct and professional practice applying to processing of personal data for statistical and scientific purposes applies. Micro data are free of charge.

The *Structure of Earnings Survey* in Italy is carried out every four years starting from 2000 by the Italian National Institute of Statistics with the completed sample size of 20,000 firms and 40,000 employees. The survey is covering the country’s entire population. It is oriented on all establishments with at least 10 workers/employees, formal sector establishments, and non-farm establishments in several industries. The survey covers the topics for the establishment such as industry/economic sector and number of employees.

Statistics on demographic characteristics, such as age, sex, and educational attainment and labour related characteristics, such as occupation, wage rate, and hours usually worked are generated in the survey. Questions on the country of birth and country of citizenship are stated in the *Structure of Earnings Survey*.

As in European SES survey (Structural Earning Survey): “*employees*” are all persons who have a direct employment contract with the enterprise or local unit and receive remuneration, irrespective of the type of work performed, the number of hours worked (full or part-time) and the duration of their contract (fixed or indefinite). “*Wages*” are divided into three categories such as hourly gross earnings, monthly gross earnings, and annual gross earnings.

To classify occupation, industry, and education the following classifications are applied:

- National adaptation of ISCO – CP2011 (where one digit is used to release the data);
- NACE, NAICS (where two digits are used to release the data); and
- National adaptation of ISCED – Classificazione Istat titoli di studio 2003.

Micro data files are available for research and analysis at Eurostat.

There are two *administrative sources*, which collect statistical data on international labour migration in the Italy:

- *Residence Permits Register and*
- *Population Register of Municipalities.*

The *Residence Permits Register* is carried out continuously starting from 1985 by the ISTAT Ministry of Interior. It geographically appraises the whole country and collects data on the following five population groups of all ages:

- *Foreigners (non-citizens) living in the country,*
- *Foreigners (non-citizens) working and living in the country,*
- *Refugees, and*
- *Asylum seekers*

In the register, data can be found on demographic characteristics such as age, sex, and marital status. Migration related characteristics accessible through the source are:

- Country of birth,
- Country of citizenship,
- Year of arrival,
- Time period allowed to stay,
- Reason for coming to this country, and
- Foreign workers in the country.

Moreover, it specifies the occupation, which is self-declared by the foreigner and status of employment of persons examined. Micro data files are available for research and analysis outside the agency.

The **Population Registers of Municipalities** are held every year starting from 1873 by the Ministry of Interior. This geographically calculates the whole country. The information in the register is collected on the following eight population groups of all ages:

- *Nationals (citizens) in the country,*
- *Nationals (citizens) employed in the country,*
- *Nationals (citizens) living abroad,*
- *Nationals (citizens) living and working abroad,*
- *Foreigners (non-citizens) living abroad,*
- *Foreigners (non-citizens) working and living abroad,*
- *Refugees, and*
- *Asylum seekers.*

Demographic characteristics are accessible through the register. Data is available on the migration related characteristics, for example:

- Country of birth,
- Country of citizenship,
- Country of previous residence,
- Year of arrival,
- Year of departure,
- Destination country,
- Nationality,
- Foreign workers in the country,
- Members of household living abroad,
- Country of origin.

The register additionally provides labour related information, specifying the employment status. Data on educational attainment and employment status is not published/disseminated as it is only collected when someone asks for a change of residence but not necessary included in the population registers. Moreover, the quality of the data is quite low for non-citizens and does not allow to disseminate the information on these topics.

“Nationals living in the country” are persons having his/her place of residence outside the country for a period of at least 12 months. Status in employment is classified by the following categories: entrepreneur, employee, own-account workers, members of producers` cooperatives, and contributing family workers. Education is classified as follows primary education or no education, lower secondary education, upper secondary education, first stage of tertiary education, and second stage of tertiary education.

The use of the register’s database is fully in accordance with the data privacy laws in the country.

The estimation of international migrant workers in the country is covered in the **Annual National Accounts**, held by the National Institute of Statistics on an annual basis, starting from 2011. The source presents data on **nationals employed in the country** and **foreign workers living in the country** of all ages. The question on industry/economic

sector is asked in the estimation. The definitions of “*international migrant workers*” and “*employment*” are based on Regulations on the European System of National and Regional Accounts in the European Union and are derived from the definitions of production boundary, population, employment, and residence. To classify industry and status in employment the internationally adapted classification are applied such as NACE, NAICS, where four digits are used to release the data and ICSE-1993.

Q1. Population Census

SOURCE

Title of source: General Population and Housing Census

Year of last census: 2011

Agency responsible: ISTAT – Italian National Institute of Statistics

COVERAGE

Geographical coverage: Whole country

Population groups covered: Nationals (*citizens*) in the country, nationals (*citizens*) employed in the country, foreigners (*non-citizens*) living in the country, even if arrived recently, foreign workers (*non-citizens*) living in the country.

- **Publication/dissemination of data on population groups covered:** Nationals (*citizens*) in the country, nationals (*citizens*) employed in the country, foreigners (*non-citizens*) living in the country, even if arrived recently, foreign workers (*non-citizens*) living in the country.

TOPICS COVERED

Demographic characteristics: Age, marital status, household size, sex, educational attainment

International migration related characteristics: Country of birth, country of citizenship, country of previous residence for foreigners, country of previous residence for citizens who lived abroad but returned.

- **Coverage for international migration related characteristics:** All persons
- **Exceptions for international migration related characteristics:** N.A.

Information about household members left to live abroad: No

Labour related characteristics of all current household members: Employment status, occupation, industry/economic sector, status in employment, hours usually worked

- **Age coverage:** 15+

Remittances related characteristics: N.A.

Information on immigrants and return migrants: Persons who ever lived outside this country, period of arrival to this country.

- **Information on the situation of the person prior to leaving the household last time is obtained:** N.A.

Data collected and not published/disseminated: No

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Definition of international migrant workers: Italian Census collected information on foreign people living in the Country and published tables about their current activity status.

Definition of national (citizen) living abroad: National citizens who, at the reference date, do not have usual residence in the Country.

Definition of employment: Employed persons comprise all persons aged 15 years and over or who during the reference week:

(a) Performed at least one hour of work for pay or profit, in cash or in kind, or:

(b) Were temporarily absent from a job in which they had already worked and to which they maintained a formal attachment, or from a self-employment activity.

Employees temporarily not at work shall be considered as in paid employment provided they had a formal job attachment.

CLASSIFICATION

Classification used for occupation: ISCO-08

- **Number of digits used to release occupation data:** 1

Classification used for industry: NACE Rev.2

- **Number of digits used to release industry data:** 21 sections

Classification used for status in employment: National Classification

Classification used for status in education: ISCED-1997

DATA COLLECTION AND DISSEMINATION

Data collection method: Self-administrated mail questionnaire (household receives census questionnaire by mail, returns by mail), self-administrated online (web) census questionnaire/Computer Assisted Web Interview (CAWI)

Compulsory participation of households: Yes

Official estimate of under-coverage rate: Undercoverage of total population(1.07%); Undercoverage of immigrants(11.07%)

Dissemination of results: Web site – <http://dati-censimentopopolazione.istat.it/?lang=it>, <https://ec.europa.eu/CensusHub2/query.do?selectHyperCube&qhc=false>

Metadata has been prepared and disseminated: Yes

Micro-data is available outside NSO/responsible agency: Yes

- **Limitations:** MDF will be available by the end of 2015.
- **Cost of obtaining micro-data:** They will be freely available on ISTAT web site

Q2.1. Household Survey: Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population

SOURCE

Title of survey: SCIF – Social Condition and Integration of Foreign Population

Agency responsible: National Statistical Institute

PERIODICITY AND COVERAGE

Periodicity of data collection: The survey will be carried out again in 2016

Year the survey first started: 2011-2012

Geographical coverage: Whole country

Population groups covered: Foreigners (*non-citizens*) living in the country, even if arrived recently, foreign workers (*non-citizens*) living in the country, refugees, asylum seekers.

- **Publication/dissemination of data on population groups covered:** Foreigners (*non-citizens*) living in the country, even if arrived recently, foreign workers (*non-citizens*) living in the country

Age coverage: The survey collects data on foreigners (non-citizens resident in the country) of all ages; nevertheless, information on labour force are collected only about people aged 15 and more. Data concerning younger workers have been collected with reference to the country of origin.

TOPICS COVERED

Demographic characteristics: Age, marital status, household size, sex, educational attainment

International migration related characteristics: Country of birth, country of citizenship, country of previous residence for foreigners, country of previous residence for citizens who lived abroad but returned, nationality, foreign workers in the country, country of origin, household members living abroad.

- **Coverage for international migration related characteristics:** All persons
- **Exceptions for international migration related characteristics:** N.A.

Information about household members left to live abroad: No

Labour related characteristics of all current household members: Employment status, occupation, industry/economic sector, status in employment, household income, hours usually worked, whether person has had an occupational injury, whether person has had disability.

Benefits received from the employer: Retirement pension

Remittances related characteristics: No

Information on immigrants and return migrants: Persons who ever lived outside this country, period of arrival to this country.

- **Information on the situation of the person prior to leaving the country of residence is obtained:** Employment status, status in employment, occupation, industry/economic sector, reason for choosing to migrate to this country, reason for leaving previous (last) country of residence.

Data collected and not published/disseminated: C.3 Household income, whether the person has had disability, hours usually worked, whether person has had occupational injury, C.3.1 Retirement pension – dissemination process is still under way; unreliability of some estimation can occur due to few number of cases (e.g. C.3.1)

Information on persons who left to live or work abroad (*recruitment, communication, assistance etc.*): No

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Definition of international migrant workers: It is defined as non-Italian citizens employed.

Definition of national (citizen) living abroad: No

Definition of employment: Employment covers persons aged 15 and over (even if labour force are usually processed on 16-74 in Italy), living in private households, who during the reference week performed work, even for just one hour, for pay, profit or family gain, or were not at work but had a job or business from which they were temporarily absent, for example because of illness, holidays, industrial dispute or education and training.

CLASSIFICATION

Classification used for occupation: National adaptation – CP2011

- **Number of digits used to release occupation data:** 5

Classification used for industry: ATECO2007, it is national adaptation of NACE

- **Number of digits used to release industry data:** 6

Classification used for status in employment: National adaptation of ICSE

Classification used for status in education: National adaptation of ISCED – used in case higher educational level (HEL) was achieved in Italy; same classification with aggregated items in case HEL was achieved abroad.

DATA COLLECTION AND DISSEMINATION

Data collection method: Face-to-face computer assisted interview (CAPI)

Compulsory participation of households: Yes

Dissemination of results: Printed publications – La storia lavorativa degli (Work history of citizens) in Rapporto annual 2015, Istat (pagg. 191-195), May 2015; Web site – <http://www.istat.it/it/immigrati>; Micro data.

Metadata has been prepared and disseminated: Yes

Micro-data is available outside NSO/responsible agency: Yes

- **Limitations:** The limitations on using survey micro data are related to national law on privacy. Micro data can be disseminated for research purposes under condition that personal information are anonymous.
- **Cost of obtaining micro-data:** Free of charge

SAMPLE DESIGN

Sample frame used: Administrative register – population registers

Completed sample size: Total households – 9,600; Total individuals – 25,000; Immigrants – 21,000.

Evaluation of the overall response rate or refusal rate: Yes

Q2.2. Household Survey: Integration of Second Generation

SOURCE

Title of survey: Integration of Second Generation

Agency responsible: ISTAT

PERIODICITY AND COVERAGE

Periodicity of data collection: Every 3 years

Year the survey first started: 2015

Geographical coverage: Whole country

Population groups covered: Nationals (*citizens*) in the country, nationals (*citizens*) employed in the country, foreigners (*non-citizens*) living in the country, even if arrived recently, foreign workers (*non-citizens*) living in the country, child workers (*non-citizens*) in country.

- **Publication/dissemination of data on population groups covered:** Nationals (*citizens*) in the country, nationals (*citizens*) employed in the country, foreigners (*non-citizens*) living in the country, even if arrived recently, foreign workers (*non-citizens*) living in the country, child workers (*non-citizens*) in country.

Age coverage: Students aged 10-19 are the survey's target. The survey collects information (about labour condition) also about parents of the students.

TOPICS COVERED

Demographic characteristics: Age, household size, sex, educational attainment

International migration related characteristics: Country of birth, country of citizenship, household members living abroad

- **Coverage for international migration related characteristics:** Not for all - country of birth, country of citizenship
- **Exceptions for international migration related characteristics:** Information is collected only for students in the sample and their parents

Information about household members left to live abroad: No

Labour related characteristics of all current household members: Employment status, occupation

Benefits received from the employer: N.A.

Remittances related characteristics: No

Information on immigrants and return migrants: No

- **Information on the situation of the person prior to leaving the country of residence is obtained:** N.A.

Data collected and not published/disseminated: No

Information on persons who left to live or work abroad (*recruitment, communication, assistance etc.*): No

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Definition of international migrant workers: N.A.

Definition of national (citizen) living abroad: N.A.

Definition of employment: N.A.

CLASSIFICATION

Classification used for occupation: Perceived labour conditions of the parents

- **Number of digits used to release occupation data:** N.A.

Classification used for industry: N.A.

- **Number of digits used to release industry data:** N.A.

Classification used for status in employment: N.A.

Classification used for status in education: Administrative archives for students, aggregation of ISCED levels 2013 for the parents

DATA COLLECTION AND DISSEMINATION

Data collection method: Self-administrated online (web) survey questionnaire/Computer assisted web interview (CAWI)

Compulsory participation of households: No

Dissemination of results: None to date, expected time of availability January 2016

Metadata has been prepared and disseminated: No

Micro-data is available outside NSO/responsible agency: No

SAMPLE DESIGN

Sample frame used: Administrative register – Ministry of Education, Research and University database

Completed sample size: Total individuals – 68,000; Immigrants – 31,700.

Evaluation of the overall response rate or refusal rate: Yes

Q4. Establishment Census

SOURCE

Title of source: Industry and services Census, Non-profit institution Census. And Public Institution Census

Year of last one: 2011

Agency responsible: ISTAT

PERIODICITY AND COVERAGE

Periodicity of data collection: Starting from 2011, the traditional Economic Census carried out on decennial basis, was replaced by the virtual census based on Economic registers built up and updated with administrative sources. In such a way the information will be available every year.

Year the census first started: 1951

Geographical coverage: Whole country

Establishment coverage (*size and type*): All economic establishments of any size (even if 0 employees), only formal sector (registered) establishments, only non-farm establishments.

Industry coverage: All industry/economic sectors

DATA COLLECTED ON WORKERS IN THE ESTABLISHMENT CENSUS

Demographic and migration related characteristics: Age, sex

Labour related characteristics: Status in employment

Topics for the establishment: Industry/economic sector, number of employees

Data collected and not published/disseminated: No

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Definition of international migrant workers: It can be defined as foreign-born workers by using a question on country of birth.

Definition of short-term workers: No

Definition of employment: Employment comprises employees and self-employment.

Employees is defined as persons who, by agreement, work for an enterprise and receive remuneration for their labour in the form of wages, salaries, fees, gratuities, piecework pay or remuneration in kind. The relationship of employer to employee exists when there is an agreement, which may be formal or informal, between the employer and a person, normally entered into voluntarily by both parties, whereby the person works for the employer in return for remuneration in cash or in kind.

Self-employment is defined as person who carries out its work inside enterprise, without any formal contracts (not in the payroll), whose remuneration is included in mixed income (capital/labour). Self-employed persons include the following categories: sole proprietor, free-lance and own account workers.

Contributing family workers working in the enterprise even if not paid, with paid contributions for social security or insurance against injuries at work;

Members of partnerships, corporations and quasi-corporation under the condition of an actual working activity carried out in the same enterprise of which they are shareholders.

Definition of wages: No

CLASSIFICATION

Classification used for occupation:ESA2010, SNA2008

- **Number of digits used to release occupation data:** nnnnnnnn.nn

Classification used for industry: Italian classification Ateco2007, that add 5th digit to Nace rev2

- **Number of digits used to release industry data:** 5

Classification used for status in employment: National adaptation of ICSE

Classification used for status in education: N.A.

DATA COLLECTION AND DISSEMINATION

Data collection method: Administrative sources

Compulsory participation of respondents: Yes

Official estimation of under-coverage: N.A.

Dissemination of results: Web site – www.istat.it, datawarehouse i.stat

Metadata has been prepared and disseminated: Yes

Micro-data is available outside NSO/responsible agency: Yes

- **Limitations:** Microdata can be accessed by Laboratory for Elementary Data Analysis (ADELE). It is a Research data centre (RDC) accessible by researchers working for universities or research institutions or fellows of bodies to which the Code of conduct and professional practice applying to processing of personal data for statistical and scientific purposes applies (Annex A.4, Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30th June 2003).
- **Cost of obtaining micro-data:** Micro data are free of charge.

Q5. Establishment Survey

SOURCE

Title of source: Structure of Earning Survey (SES)

Agency responsible: ISTAT

PERIODICITY AND COVERAGE

Periodicity of data collection: Every 4 years

Year the survey first started: 2000

Geographical coverage: Whole country

Establishment coverage (*size and type*): All establishments with at least 10 workers/employees, only formal sector (registered) establishments, only non-farm establishments.

Sector/Industry coverage: Professional, scientific and technical activities; Administrative and support service activities; Public administration and defence; compulsory social security; Education; Human health and social work activities; Arts, entertainment and recreation; Other service activities; Activities of households as employees; undifferentiated goods- and services- producing activities of households for own use; Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies.

DATA COLLECTED ON WORKERS IN THE ESTABLISHMENT CENSUS

Demographic and migration related characteristics: Age, educational attainment, sex

Labour related characteristics: Occupation, wage rate, hours usually worked

Topics for the establishment: Industry/economic sector, number of employees

Data collected and not published/disseminated: No

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Definition of international migrant workers: No

Definition of short-term migrant workers: No

Definition of employment: Employees are all persons who have a direct employment contract with the enterprise or local unit and receive remuneration, irrespective of the type of work performed, the number of hours worked (full or part-time) and the duration of their contract (fixed or indefinite).

Definition of wages: It is defined as three categories as follows;

- Hourly gross earnings are defined as gross earnings in the reference month divided by the number of hours paid during the same period. Number of hours paid includes all normal and overtime hours worked and remunerated by the employer during the reference month. Hours not worked but nevertheless paid are counted as 'paid hours' (e.g. for annual leave, public holidays, paid sick leave, paid vocational training, paid special leave, etc.).

- Monthly gross earnings in the reference month cover remuneration in cash paid before any tax deductions and social security contributions payable by wage earners and retained by the employer, and are restricted to gross earnings which are paid in each pay period during the reference month.

- Annual gross earnings also cover 'non-standard payments', i.e. payments not occurring in each pay period, such as: 13th or 14th month payments, holiday bonuses, quarterly or annual company bonuses and annual payments in kind.

CLASSIFICATION

Classification used for occupation: National adaptation of ISCO – CP2011

- **Number of digits used to release occupation data:** 1

Classification used for industry: NACE, NAICS

- **Number of digits used to release industry data:** 2

Classification used for status in employment: N.A.

Classification used for status in education: National adaptation of ISCED – Classificazione Istat dei titoli di studio 2003

DATA COLLECTION AND DISSEMINATION

Data collection method: Self-administrated online questionnaire/ Computer assisted web interview (CAPI)

Compulsory participation of respondents: Yes

Dissemination of results: Web site – <http://www.istat.it/it/archivio/83362>

Metadata has been prepared and disseminated: Yes

Micro-data is available outside NSO/responsible agency: Yes

- **Limitations:** Micro data are available at Eurostat
- **Cost of obtaining micro-data:** N.A.

SAMPLE DESIGN

Sample frame: Administrative register – Wages and employees Register and Business Register

Completed sample size: 20,000 firms and 40,000 employees

Q6.1. Administrative Sources: Residence Permits Register

SOURCE

Title of source: Residence Permits

Agency responsible: ISTAT – Ministry of Interior

Kind of source: Residence permits register. It contains also data on work permits issued to non EU citizens.

PERIODICITY AND COVERAGE

Periodicity of data release: Continuously

Year the source first started: 1985

Geographical coverage: Whole country

Population coverage: Foreigners (non-citizens) living in the country, foreigners (non-citizens) living and working in the country, refugees, asylum seekers.

- **Publication/dissemination of data on population groups covered:** N.A.

Age coverage: All ages

DATA COLLECTED ON PERSONS IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE SOURCE

Demographic characteristics: Age, marital status, sex

Migration related characteristics: Country of birth, country of citizenship, year of arrival, time period allowed to stay, reason for coming to country, foreign workers in the country.

Labour related characteristics: Occupation, status in employment

Data collected and not published/disseminated: Occupation because of poor quality data

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Definition of international migrant workers: N.A.

Definition of short-term migrant worker: N.A.

Definition of a national (citizen) living abroad: N.A.

Definition of employment: N.A.

Definition of individual earnings: N.A.

CLASSIFICATION

Classification used for occupation: Occupation self-declared by the foreigner

- **Number of digits used to release occupation data:** N.A.

Classification used for industry: N.A.

- **Number of digits used to release industry data:** N.A.

Classification used for status in employment: N.A.

Classification used for status in education: N.A.

DATA COLLECTION AND DISSEMINATION

Compulsory registration for the population groups covered: Yes

Official estimate of coverage rate: N.A.

Dissemination of results: Web site – <http://dati.istat.it/>

Metadata has been prepared and disseminated: Yes

Micro-data is available outside NSO/responsible agency: Yes

- **Limitations:** N.A.
- **Cost of obtaining micro-data:** N.A.

Q6.2. Administrative Sources: Population Registers of Municipalities

SOURCE

Title of source: Population Registers of Municipalities

Agency responsible: Ministry of Interior

Kind of source: Continuous population register

PERIODICITY AND COVERAGE

Periodicity of data release: Every year

Year the source first started: 1873

Geographical coverage: Whole country

Population coverage: Nationals (*citizens*) in the country, nationals (*citizens*) employed in the country, nationals (*citizens*) living abroad, nationals (*citizens*) living and working abroad, foreigners (*non-citizens*) living in the country, foreigners (*non-citizens*) living and working in the country, refugees, asylum seekers.

- **Publication/dissemination of data on population groups covered:** Nationals (*citizens*) in the country, nationals (*citizens*) living abroad, foreigners (*non-citizens*) living in the country.

Age coverage: All ages

DATA COLLECTED ON PERSONS IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE SOURCE

Demographic characteristics: Age, marital status, sex, educational attainment

Migration related characteristics: Country of birth, country of citizenship, country of previous residence, year of arrival, year of departure, destination country, nationality, foreign workers in the country, members of household living abroad, country of origin.

Labour related characteristics: Employment status

Data collected and not published/disseminated: C.1 and C.3 – Data only collected when someone asks for a change of residence (flow data) but not necessary included in the population registers (stock data). Moreover, the quality of the data is quite low for non-citizens and does not allow to disseminate the information on these topics.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Definition of international migrant workers: No

Definition of short-term migrant worker: No

Definition of a national (citizen) living abroad: It is defined as person who have their usual residence outside the country for a period of at least 12 months.

Definition of employment: No

Definition of individual earnings: No

CLASSIFICATION

Classification used for occupation: N.A.

- **Number of digits used to release occupation data:** N.A.

Classification used for industry: N.A.

- **Number of digits used to release industry data:** N.A.

Classification used for status in employment: National adaptation of ICSE – entrepreneur; employee; own-account workers; members of producers` cooperatives; contributing family workers.

Classification used for status in education: National adaptation of ISCED – primary education or no education. Lower secondary education; upper secondary education; first stage of tertiary education; second stage of tertiary education.

DATA COLLECTION AND DISSEMINATION

Compulsory registration for the population groups covered: Yes

Official estimate of coverage rate: N.A.

Dissemination of results: Web site – <http://dati.istat.it/lanf=en> and <http://www.istat.it/it/archivio/141410>

Metadata has been prepared and disseminated: Yes

Micro-data is available outside NSO/responsible agency: Yes

- **Limitations:** The use of this database is fully in accord with the data privacy laws of the country.

- **Cost of obtaining micro-data:** Unknown

Q7. Estimation of International Migrant Workers in the Country

SOURCE

Title of source: Annual national accounts

Reference year: 2013

Agency responsible: National Institute of Statistics - ISTAT

PERIODICITY AND COVERAGE

Periodicity of data release: Every year

Year the source first started: 2011

Geographical coverage: Whole country

Population coverage: National (citizens) employed in the country, foreign workers (non-citizens) living in the country

- **Publication/dissemination of data on population groups covered:** No

Age coverage: All ages

TOPICS COVERED

Demographic characteristics: N.A.

International migration related characteristics: N.A.

Labour related characteristics: Industry/economic sector, status in employment, hours worked

Remittances related characteristics: N.A.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Definition of migrant worker: Based on Regulation on the European System of National and Regional Accounts in the European Union (No 549/2013) and are derived from the definitions of production boundary (§ 1.29), population (§ 11.05), employment (§11.11) and residence (§11.17)

Definition of short-term migrant worker: No

Definition of a national (citizen) living abroad: No variable in the survey

Definition of employment: Based on Regulation on the European System of National and Regional Accounts in the European Union (No 549/2013) and are derived from the definitions of production boundary (§ 1.29), population (§ 11.05), employment (§11.11) and residence (§11.17)

Definition of household income: No

CLASSIFICATION

Classification used for occupation: N.A.

- **Number of digits used to release occupation data:** N.A.

Classification used for industry: NACE, NAICS

- **Number of digits used to release industry data:** 4

Classification used for status in employment: ICSE-1993

Classification used for status in education: N.A.

DATA COLLECTION AND DISSEMINATION

Dissemination of results: None to date

Metadata has been prepared and disseminated: <http://www.istat.it/it/archivio/133556> page 20-22